

Of Surplus

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Abstract:

In any occasion the host cannot estimate the probable consumption of food by the guests correctly. Also, it is difficult to calculate the intake of the normal guests even. It depends on the condition of health and stomach as well. Again, some guests are health conscious. The gradation of guests and their choice food are very uncertain. No statistician can speculate it correctly. The estimate becomes impossible for the guests who celebrate the get together with wine. They break all barriers and cross all boundaries with their uncontrollable emotion. Sometimes the drunkards take less. Sometimes they take more. Sometimes they take most under alcoholic competition. Their emotions are whisked away. Thus, the mood and motif of the so-called VIP guests are gloriously so uncertain. In such a social gathering surplus is the only avenue to save the status and prestige of the host. Here shortage of food will have very bad social impact. In such a case surplus thereby, wastage has to be accepted to avoid social complicity. Here emotion has no place except surplus. Here surplus is the only rescuer. Here surplus has no substitute, rather surplus itself is its substitute.

Introduction:

Creative writing is based more on manifestation rather than on expression. It does not inform rather reveals, so it bears no reference. The best creative writing is critical, and the best critical writing is creative. The present article is the outcome of creative writing meant for lay readers. As such free style is the methodology adopted so that the pleasure of reading can be enjoyed by the common mass. As you know well that, Francis Bacon (1561-1626), the immortal writer, wrote many essays, and notably "Of Love", "Of Friendship", "Of Ambition", "Of Studies", etc. The myriad-minded genius rightly pointed out that all the words of the dictionary can be the themes of essays one can write. But little has been done, in this regard since his death, in order to finish his unfinished monumental works. In fact, Bacon's way of presentation and his unique style kindled imagination and inspired me to write essays, in the light of creative writing, thus to get relief through Catharsis.

Of Surplus

Surplus is that which remains above what is used or needed. It is an amount, quantity, etc., greater than needed. It is something left over. It implies remainder. It implies excess. It implies extra. It

implies superfluity. It is an amount by which money received is greater than money spent. Surplus is what remains over, what is not required for the purpose in hand, especially excess of public revenue over expenditure for the financial year. It is that is in excess of what is taken, used, needed, or acceptable. Surplus value is the difference between value of work done and wages paid. Surplus is an amount left over when requirements have been met. It is the excess value of a company's assets over the face value of its stock. In economics surplus value is the difference between the value of work done and wages paid. Opposite of surplus is deficit. Surplus is the excess of the assets of a business over its liabilities for a given period. It is the excess of the total accumulated assets of a business over its liabilities and capital stock outstanding. It is designating or of commodities specifically, certain excess farm products bought, stored, distributed, etc. by the government under the Federal price-support program. Surplus value in Marxist economics is the amount by which the value of the worker's product exceeds the wage the worker is paid, viewed as the source of capitalist profit. In U.S it is agricultural produce, or a quantity of food grown by a nation or area in excess of its needs. In accounting it is the

excess of assets over liabilities accumulated throughout the existence of a business, excepting assets against which stock certificates have been issued. It is excess of net worth over capital-stock value. Surplus-age, from legal point of view, is the irrelevant or superfluous words or matter in the pleading of a case. Surplus is of various kinds having different forms and features. Also, it differs in different degrees and dimension as well. Someone experiences surplus. Someone faces deficit. The surplus-deficit theory is equally applicable in case of both money and time as well. He, who wastes money, faces financial crisis later on. Similarly, he who wastes time or misuses it laments later on and suffers lifelong. If an examinee wastes much time to write the answer of a single question, then either he cannot answer all the questions or the rest answers lack in quality of standard due to hurried reply. As such time management is an important factor in the examination. Quick and to the point reply save much time and offer surplus time for revision and subsequent correction as well. Time management is very important in every sphere of life especially in student life. Time consciousness determines the rise and fall of a person everywhere in every age. A student if wastes valuable time of student life then thousand moments of future can hardly compensate the deficiency caused by the misuse of a single precious moment of student life. Misfortune dogs him wherever he goes. Such a cursed diverted victim suffers till he breaths his last. A judicious person always experiences surplus. A fool always faces scarcity. Sincere study reveals that everybody, irrespective of rich or poor, gets surplus or at least sufficient amount of money or things thus needed from cradle to grave. He who judiciously spends both time and money faces no problem in future. This judiciousness or prudence depends on personality trait and varies from person to person thereby makes individual difference. He, who wastes money and time, experiences scarcity of both in future. Time is superior to money. Money can be compensated, seldom time. For, time and tide wait for none. Money can be earned, never time. A poor person does not get food every day. Hunger is his ever companion. The rich wastes surplus food much. Business grows up basing on surplus i.e. profit which is the difference between money invested versus money return. Thus, Return on Investment (ROI) is a crucial factor in business and surplus is its yardstick. As such no surplus no investment is the policy of a successful shrewd business man. In fact, business is not for charity. But a business man donates to a charitable trust not so much for social responsibility but more for getting income tax

exemption and campaigning of business products as well thereby paves the way of gaining thousand times more profit than donation. Thus, donation by a business man has two-fold utilities i.e. fame and profit. In history there are periods of great surplus followed by periods of shortage. The balance of payments was in surplus last year i.e. the value of exports was greater than the value of imports. Surplus labourers or staffs i.e. workers for whom there are no jobs are the headache of a company. Surplus grain is sold for export by a nation. The items which are surplus to requirements are either sold or exchanged. The surplus budget is the yardstick of a rich nation. The more surplus the richer the nation is. The poor nations do suffer from deficit. Sales of surplus wheat to Asian countries are a daily drama of surplus-deficit theory. Surplus war materials are sold to war monger leaders. They say he who wants war does not fight but he who fights does not want war. In fact, a leader wants war but never goes to the battle field. But an unwilling soldier is compelled to go to the battle field to face gunpowder. A capitalist gives little share of profit. The surplus share taken by the capitalist is quite major in comparison with the wage paid to the labourer. There would be no problem if the division would be 50:50. If the workers agitate they face fire. Hire and fire policy is their destiny. So, the communist agitates for the proletariat. They say property is theft. Property is alias and akin to surplus. The communist says that the whole surplus is taken by owner not given to worker. Wage is a part of profit, seldom the whole part of the profit. It is far less than perks or allowances. Perks and allowances are enjoyed by the manager only. It is not income like salary. The paradox is that for this extra surplus income the rich has not to pay income tax. They say, man is basically capitalist and imperialist as well. These two instincts are the hindrances of equality. Here lies the conflict with Marxist's manifesto. Wage is so low that it is just like hand to mouth event. It simply meets up the bare necessity, but no question of surplus. The word luxury is quite totally absent in the lexicon of have not's. Someone works just up to the need. Someone works less. Someone works not. The last two categories either beg or steal or commit suicide. Some people work beyond capacity and earn more. They run after surplus thereby face premature or untimely death. So, surplus is not always good. Sufficient amount is good. Surplus is bad. It leads to wastage. Where sufficiency ends surplus begins. If proper estimate or good budget is done, then there will be no surplus thereby there will be no wastage. But under finance is alias and akin to full wastage. Then the project

cannot be implemented. So money will be fully wasted. There will be no production and no return at all. This event has two outcomes. The investor will have to pay bank interest without any income. Secondly, there will be national loss for no production even after investment. Thus, no finance is better than under finance. In any occasion the host cannot estimate the probable consumption of food by the guests correctly. Also, it is difficult to calculate the intake of the normal guests even. It depends on the condition of health and stomach as well. Again, some guests are health conscious. The gradation of guests and their choice food are very uncertain. No statistician can speculate it correctly. The estimate becomes impossible for the guests who celebrate the get together with wine. They break all barriers and cross all boundaries with their uncontrollable emotion. Sometimes the drunkards take less. Sometimes they take more. Sometimes they take most under alcoholic competition. Their emotions are whisked away. Thus, the mood and motif of the so-called VIP guests are gloriously so uncertain. In such a social gathering surplus is the only avenue to save the status and prestige of the host. Here shortage of food will have very bad social impact. In such a case surplus thereby, wastage has to be accepted to avoid social complicity. Here emotion has no place except surplus. Here surplus is the only rescuer. Here surplus has no substitute, rather surplus itself is its substitute. Surplus is a known fact to the rich. They live with surplus, dream with surplus and even die with surplus. Thus, the wife of the rich faces no problem for left surplus by the husband. Surplus money can be managed by the rich to multiple it through proper investment. The poor has no idea of such investment. The poor is of poverty, by poverty and for poverty. So, surplus is beyond their dream. As such when surplus money

appears to them they become puzzle with the deluge of excessiveness. As such their brake of emotion fails and they misuse money without keeping it in safe custody for multiplication. After some period of lavish expenditure, they become poor again. They lament for surplus money since they failed successfully to chain it. Rather poverty has chained them permanently. Some people save spending judiciously. They are determined to save even a single penny every day. They know that one penny saved means one penny earned. This judicious daily savings offers a good amount of surplus in course of time. Savings is an art. One has to learn it. If savings is a blessing, lavishness is a curse. Some communities are noted for savings and some communities are noted for lavishness. Surplus causes wastages. As such a person imposes strictness. This caution without experience leads to severe shortage. So, Break Even Point (BEP) i.e. no profit no loss or Just In Time (JIT) should be calculated before any planning. A health consciousness person, for the sake of safety of health, takes less than the capacity of the stomach. But in project surplus is a must to meet up the expenditure caused by contingency and exigency. Here less has no room except surplus. Always surplus is very bad. It leads to habit of wastage. It teaches lavishness and luxury. They do not understand the bitter biting of hunger. Surplus is good if is saved. It is too bad if it is wasted. If someone wastes something it is true that someone is being deprived. Today surplus means tomorrow will be same deficit. Thus, total is same. He who saves today can overcome trouble of tomorrow. He who lavishes and wastes, later on will not get. They say waste not want not. What you keep today will keep you tomorrow.